# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PortionPac<sup>®</sup> Chemical Corporation

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# 24 HOUR EMERGENCY RESPONSE PHONE: 1-800-535-5053

# SECTION 01 IDENTIFICATION MSDS No. 030C DATE: August 2004 TRADE NAME: SFSPac<sup>®</sup> Oven Cleaner No. SFS30

NOTE: CAS Registry numbers are not applicable to formulated products.

## ■ SECTION 02 PHYSICAL & HEALTH HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Hazardous Material as defined by 29 CFR 1910.1200 Reportable under CERCLA or SARA TITLE III Sec. 304 Regulations.

Common Names: Chemical Names: Hazard % in formula: Hazard Reference:	ethanolamine, MEA, monoethanolamine monoethanolamine, 2-aminoethanol in concentrate: 48.0% in working/use solution: 3 ppm ACGIH 85/86 Ref. (1) Sec. IX LD <sub>50</sub> rats 10.2g/	
Common Name: Chemical Name: Hazard % in formula: Hazard reference:	DPM dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether in concentrate: 16.0% in working/use solution: 100 ppm OSHA PEL	CAS# 34590-94-8 5.5%

#### SECTION 02A OTHER INGREDIENTS NOT CONSIDERED HAZARDOUS IN FORMULATION

blend of linear alcohol ethoxylatesCAS# 34398-01-1 & others n.a.vegetable oil alkanolamideCAS# 68603-42-9propylene glycol monomethyl etherCAS# 107-98-2triethanolamineCAS# 102-71-6trace colorantn.a.

#### SECTION 03 PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Boiling Point:	197-203 deg. F. (initial)
Vapor pressure:	9 mm Hg
Vapor density (Air=1):	Not determined.
Water solubility:	Complete.
Melting/Freezing point:	Much less than 0.0 deg. F.
Appearance:	Orange liquid. Slightly more viscous than water.
Specific Grav. (water=1):	1.051
Percentage volatiles in concentrate:	Approx. 26.4% due to solvent.
Evaporation rate:	much slower than 1 (n-butyl acetate = 1)
pH:	in concentrate: $11.8 \pm .2$ in working/use solution: $10.3 \pm .3$
Odor:	Fresh vegetable soap odor in dilution.

## ■ SECTION 04 PHYSICAL HAZARD DATA

Flash point:	210 deg. F. Closed cup.
Flammable limits:	Not determined.
Fire fighting media:	Water spray, CO <sub>2</sub> , alcohol foam, dry chemical. Treat primary cause of fire.
Special fire fighting procedures:	If quantities of material are stored near fire, self-contained breathing device should be used.
Fire/Explosion Hazards:	Contains class IIIA combustible liquid. Do not heat above 140° for extended period of time.

# ■ SECTION 05 REACTIVITY DATA

Stability:	Stable.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
Conditions to Avoid:	Long exposure to materials containing copper, aluminum and strong oxidizing agents may cause discoloration.
Incompatible Materials:	Strong oxidizing or reducing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition products:	If heated to decomposition, $CO$ , $CO_2$ , $NO_x$ and ammonia may be produced.

# ■ SECTION 06 HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Oral Toxicity:	Not determined for formulation.
Skin Toxicity:	Not known for formulation; Rabbit Skin LD <sub>50</sub> 1.0g/Kg for MEA in formulation.
Carcinogenicity:	None of the individual materials in this formulation are listed as carcinogens in NTP, IARC Monographs, or
	are OSHA regulated carcinogens.

### SECTION 07 SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Symptoms of Ingestion:	Ingestion of concentrate may cause nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain, incoordination, diarrhea and general
	weakness. Ingestion of significant quantities may cause red blood cell hemolysis and possible liver and kidney injury.
Symptoms of Inhalation:	If misted in concentrated form can cause irritation of mucous membrane, nose, eye and throat.
Symptoms of Skin Contact:	May cause dermatitis or irritation in some individuals upon prolonged contact. Localized skin defatting can be
	expected from any detergent on prolonged contact. Prolonged contact may even cause severe skin irritation
	or mild burn.
Symptoms of Eye Contact:	Causes painful stinging or burning of eyes and lids, watering of eye, conjunctivitis, and in concentrated, undiluted
· · ·	form, exposure may cause opaqueness of cornea, possibly leading to loss of sight.

#### ■ SECTION 08 EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES

For Ingestion of Concentrate:	DO NOT induce vomiting. Immediately give two glasses of water or milk to dilute. NEVER give anything to an unconscious person. Call a physician. Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. There is no specific antidote. Main hazard is due to irritant properties of amines. Bronchodilators, expectorants, and antitussives may be of help.
For ingestion of Use Solution: For ingestion of	: Give two glasses water to dilute. Call physician. Severe consequences should not be expected.
Spray Bottle Solution:	Do not induce vomiting. Give large amounts of water or milk to help dilute. Get medical attention.
For Škin:	As for all foreign materials, wash off concentrate or diluted use solution with water. Remove clothing that has been saturated by concentrate. Wash off spray solution with water, removing any saturated clothing. Wash off spray solution with water, removing any saturated clothing. Occasional, short skin contact should have little adverse effects after washing.
For Eyes:	PROMPTLY flush with large amounts of water occasionally lifting the lower and upper lids. Call a physician if irritation persists. If spray solution gets into eyes promptly and thoroughly flush eyes with large amounts of water, lifting the lower and upper lids to facilitate washing. Get immediate medical attention.
Medical conditions	
aggravated by exposure:	No data found.

# SECTION 09 OCCUPATIONAL CONTROL PROCEDURES

Ventilation:	Use with adequate ventilation. Working solution should not present any specific hazard. If misted or aerosol
	generated, use local or mechanical ventilation to maintain vapor concentration below TLV.
Respiratory Protection:	Not required under normal working/use conditions.
Eye Protection:	Use face shield.
Skin Protection:	Use gloves.
Personal Hygiene:	As in handling any detergent, wash thoroughly after using.

# ■ SECTION 10 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING STORAGE AND USE

 Precautionary Measures:
 Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged contact of concentrate with skin. Avoid breathing misted vapors. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not store at elevated temperatures.

 Spills Clean-up Procedures:
 Concentrated materials are packed in unit-dosed bags limiting any spills to very small quantities. Paper toweling or mopping is usually sufficient.

 Disposal Method:
 Normal waste disposal of empty bags in accordance with state and local regulations or recycle after rinsing package.

# ■ GENERAL NOTE ABOUT SFSPac<sup>®</sup> PRODUCTS

**SFSPac**<sup>®</sup> **Oven Cleaner** detergent formulation is not substantially different from any other commercially available or household degreasing formulations. The unique packaging of these materials in unit dosed bags limits the amount of exposure of the concentrate to very small amounts. Spills can be cleaned up with paper toweling or plain mopping, as these are in fact products for mopping as well as other maintenance chores. We know of no serious hazards associated with the proper use and handling of this product. As with any strong detergent and solvent formulation, good housekeeping procedures and care in following directions will insure proper use.

PortionPac Chemical Corporation makes no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy, completeness or reliability of this information, except that such information is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate as of the date indicated.

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