

Material Safety Data Sheet

"Dymel" 152a

("DYMEL" is a registered trademark of DuPont)

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Trade Name:

DUST-OFF® DUSTER



Chemical Family:

Ethane, 1,1-Difluoro

FSP Model No:

DPS, DPSCN, DPSX, DPSRCN, DPSRCN, DPSXLCN, DPSXLCN, DPSXLCN2, DPSXLX DSXLP\, DPSXL3, DPSJB, DPSJB2, DPSJBCN, DPSJCN, DPSJCN, DPSJBX, DPSMB, DPSMW, DPSJMB, DPSJMBCN, DPSJMB2, DPSXL12, DSXLPW, DCPJB, DCPJBCN, FGS, FGSCN,

FGSRCN, FGSR.

Chemical Manufacturer:

Dupont

Address:

1007 Market Street

Wilmington, DE 19898 USA

Phone:

1-800-441-7515

Product Manufacturer:

Falcon Safety Products, Inc.

Address:

25 Imclone Drive

95411

Branchburg, NJ 08876

Phone:

1-908-707-4900

Emergency Telephone USA: (800) 498-7192

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name

Wt.%Range

TLV Units

1,1-Difluoroethane

100%

CAS #75-37-6

3. Hazard Identification

Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation of high concentrations of vapor is harmful and may cause heart irregularities, unconsciousness, or death. Intentional misuse or deliberate inhalation may cause death without warning. Vapor reduces oxygen available for breathing and is heavier than air. Liquid contact can cause frostbite.

Human Health Effects:

Higher exposures may lead to irritation of nose, throat, and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath, temporary alteration of the heart's electrical activity with irregular pulse, palpitations, or inadequate circulation, or abnormal kidney function as detected by laboratory tests. Gross overexposure may be fatal.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

Individual with preexisting diseases of the central nervous, cardiovascular system, lungs, or kidneys may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.

Carcinogenicity Information

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

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4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation:

If high concentrations are inhaled, immediately remove to fresh air. Keep person calm. If not breathing,

give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician immediately.

Skin Contact:

Promptly flush skin with water until all chemical is removed. If there is evidence of frostbite, bathe (do not

rub) with lukewarm (not hot) water. If water is not available, cover with a clean, soft cloth or similar

covering. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Eve Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes (in case of frostbite water should be lukewarm, not hot) lifting eyelids occasionally to facilitate irrigation. Get medical attention if symptoms

persist.

Ingestion:

Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

Notes to Physicians:

Because of possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution only in situations of emergency life support.

5. Firefighting Measures

Flash Point:

<-50°C (<-58°F)

Auto ignition Temperature:

454°C (849°F)

Flammable Limits in Air:

LEL/UEL: 3.9-16.9 (% by volume)

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Aerosol cans may erupt with force at temperatures above 49° C (120° F)

HFC 152a fire decomposition by-products will include hydrofluoric acid, and possibly carbonyl fluoride. Avoid contact with theses materials, which are toxic and irritating. Evacuate personnel

immediately in the event of a fire involving HFC-152a.

Extinguishing Media:

Water Spray, Water fog, Dry Chemical, Carbon dioxide. "Alcohol" foam.

Special Firefighting Procedures:

Cool cans with water spray. If gas exiting can ignites, stop flow of gas. Do not put out fire unless leak can be stopped. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) is required if containers rupture and contents are released under fire conditions.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA 30B)

Level 1 Aerosols (lowest flammability rating)

6. Accidental Release Measures

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill or Leak:

Although the chances of a large spill or leak are unlikely in aerosol containers. If a spill can cause a concentration in excess of 1,000 ppm, stop flow and remove ignition sources. Evacuate area. Ventilate area, especially low places where heavy vapors might collect. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

If this product is spilled and not recovered, or is recovered as a waste for treatment or disposal, the CERCLA Reportable Quantity is 100 lbs. (Release of an unlisted Hazardous Waste characteristic of ignitability).