CHROMIUM CHLORIDE

Material Safety Data Sheet Mallinckrodt Chemical Inc. P.O. Box 800 Paris, Kentucky 40362

Emergency Telephone Number 314-539-1600

Effective Date: 08-30-85

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION:

Synonyms: Chromium (III) chloride, hexahydrate (1:3:6); Chromic chloride hexahydrate; Chromium trichloride hexahydrate

Formula CAS No.: 10060-12-5 (Hydrated)Molecular Weight: 266.48TSCA CAS No.: 10025-73-7 (Anhydrous)Hazardous Ingredients: Chromic chlorideChemical Formula: CrCl3.6H20

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES

DANGER! CAUSES BURNS. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

EMERGENCY FIRST AID

If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately by giving two glasses of water and sticking finger down throat. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious irson. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial ispiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In case of contact,

immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. In all cases call a physician. SEE SECTION 5.

Physical Data	SECTION 1

Appearance: Greenish-black or violet crystals.

Odor: Odorless.

Solubility: Soluble in water.

Boiling Point: Dissociates above 1300 C Vapor Density (Air=1):No information (2372 F) found.

Melting Point: 1152 C (2106 F)

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):No information found.

Specific Gravity: 1.85

Evaporation Rate:No information found.

Fire and Explosion	SECTION 2
Information	
`ire:	Not considered to be a fire hazard.
Explosion:	Not considered to be an explosion hazard.
Fire Extinguishing Media:	Use any means suitable for extinguishing
File Excinguishing Media:	surrounding fire.

Special Information:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

Reactivity Data	SECTION 3				
Stability:	Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage.				
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Emits toxic fumes of chlorine when heated to decomposition.				
Hazardous Polymerization:	This substance does not polymerize.				
Incompatibilities:	Lithium and nitrogen.				
Leak/Spill Disposal Inform	nation SECTION 4				
and respiratory protectior container for reclamation	spill. Clean-up personnel require protective clothing n from dust. Spills: Pick up and place in a suitable or disposal in a method that does not generate dust. be saved for reclamation may be disposed in a RCRA facility.				
Ensure compliance with loc	cal, state and federal regulations.				
Health Hazard Information	SECTION 5				
A. Exposure/Health Effect	 :s				
Inhalation:	May cause coughing, headache, dypsnea, and fever. May also cause tracheobronchial irritation and pulmonary edema.				
Ingestion:	Large oral doses may cause dizziness, intense thirst, oliguria or anuria, abdominal pain, vomiting, and shock. Death may occur from renal failure. Chromium compounds in the 3+ state have a lower toxicity than those in the 6+ state.				
Skin Contact:	Causes skin ulcerations.				
Eye Contact:	Causes eye damage.				
Chronic Exposure:	Prolonged or repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of dust may cause bleeding, ulceration, and perforation of the nasal septum, conjunctivitis, lacrimation, and acute hepatitis with jaundice.				
Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:	Persons with pre-existing kidney or skin				

B. FIRST AID

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

of this material.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, induce vomiting immediately by giving two

disorders may be more susceptible to the effects

glasses of water and sticking finger down throat. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call physician immediately.

tin Exposure:

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician.

Eye Exposure: Wash eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

C. TOXICITY (RTECS, 1986)

Oral rat LD50: 1790 mg/kg Mutation data references cited. Reproductive effects data cited. Carcinogenic determination: Animal/inadequate data (IARC 23, 302, 80) Trivalent chromium compounds: Inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity in short term testing (IARC Supplement 4, 1982) Hexavalent chromium compounds are listed by Natioal Toxicology Program (NTP) and by the Internation Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Airborne Exposure Limits:	-OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL): 0.5 mg (Cr)/m3 (TWA) -ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV 0.5 mg (Cr)/m3 (TWA)				
Ventilation System:	A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practices", most recent edition, for details.				
Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved)	If the TLV is exceeded, a dust/mist respirator with chemical goggles may be worn, in general, up to ten times the TLV. Consult respirator supplier for limitations. Alternatively, a supplied air full facepiece respirator or airlined hood may be worn.				
Skin Protection:	Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.				
Eye Protection:	Use chemical safety goggles and/or full face shield where dusting or splashing of solutions is possible. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this material. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.				

Keep in a tightly closed container, stored in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Protect against physical damage.

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Addendum to Material Safety Data Sheet

REGULATORY STATUS

This Addendum Must Not Be Detached from the MSDS Identifies SARA 313 substance(s)

Any copying or redistribution of the MSDS must include a copy of this addendum

Hazard Categories for SARA Section 311/312 Reporting

Acute	Acute Chronic		Pressure	Reactive	
х	х				

	SARA Sec. 313 SARA EHS Chemicals			CERCLA	RCRA	
Product or Components	Sec.	302	Name	Chemical	Sec.103	Sec.
of Product:	RQ	TPQ	List	Category	RQ 1bs	261.33
CHROMIUM CHLORIDE						
(10025-73-7)	1	1*	No	Chromium co	ompou No	No

SARA Section 302 EHS RQ: Reportable Quantity of Extremely Hazardous Substance, listed at 40 CFR 355.

SARA Section 302 EHS TPQ: Threshold Planning Quantity of Extremely Hazardous substance. An asterisk (*) following a Threshold Planning Quantity signifies that if the material is a solid and has a particle size equal to or larger than 100 micrometers, the Threshold Planning Quantity = 10,000 LBS.

SARA Section 313 Chemicals: Toxic Substances subject to annual release reporting requirements listed at 40 CFR 372.65.

CERCLA Sec. 103: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (Superfund) Releases to air, land or water of these hazardous substances which exceed the Reportable Quantity (RQ) must be reported to the National Response Center, (800-424-8802); Listed at 40 CFR 302.4

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. Commercial chemical product wastes designated as acute hazards and toxic under 40 CFR 261.33

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